

Revision Date: 04/07/2017

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET Q.D. ENAMEL

153

2x 60

## **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION:**

TRADE / COMMERCIAL NAME CHEMICAL FAMILY UN NO ERG NO HAZCHEM CODE EAC

Quick Drying Enamel Styrenated Alkyd & aliphatic hydrocarbon 1268

## 2. COMPOSITION:

HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS

Composition and Information on Ingredients Ingredients considered hazardous to health:				
Substance Name	CAS #	% by weight		
<ol> <li>Toluene</li> <li>Xylene</li> <li>Light Aliphatic Petroleum Solvent – Benzine</li> </ol>	108-88-3 1330-20-7 64742-89-8	25 25 5		

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION: EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Skin irritation. POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS: High vapour concentrations may be irritating to eyes, INHALATION: nose and respiratory tract. May cause headaches, dizziness and nausea. Use with adequate ventilation. Repeated inhalation may cause lung damage. 04-55 EYE CONTACT: Contact will cause irritation and/or burns. SKIN CONTACT:

May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Director: B. J. Rodd



INGESTION:

CARCINOGENICITY:

May cause pulmonary damage, if aspirated into the lungs. NTP – not listed IARC – not listed OSHA – not listed

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure: dermatitis, existing respiratory disease and existing liver and kidney disease.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES:

FIRST AID SKIN:

FIRST AID EYES:

FIRST AID INGESTED:

FIRST AID INHALATION:

Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. Flush body with plenty of water and soap for at least 20 minutes. Keep warm and quiet. Flush eyes with water for 20 minutes with 1 minute of contact. Hold eyelids open while washing. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical assistance. Administer vegetable oil (Note to doctor: If material is aspirated into the lungs, may cause chemical pneumonitis).

Move victim to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth to mouth, if victim has inhaled or ingested the substance; induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask with a one-way valve. If breathing of victim is difficult, administer oxygen. Effects of exposure may be delayed. Seek medical attention if necessary.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES:

Carbon dioxide, foam and dry chemical.

Fire involving Tanks or Bulk containers: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Do not get water inside containers. ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks.

Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. Isolate spill or leak area immediately for at least 25 to 50 meters (80 to 160 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate enclosed areas.

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Wear chemical protective clothing, which is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. Structural firefighters' protective clothing is recommended for fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations.

If vehicle is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters, (1/2 mile) in all directions, also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.

apreme



# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

PRECAUTIONS:

Absorb with fire retardant treated sawdust, diatomaceous earth etc. Shovel up and dispose at an appropriate waste disposal facility.

Restrict access to area.

Provide adequate protective equipment and ventilation.

Remove sources of heat and flame.

Notify occupational and environmental authorities.

SPILL OR LEAK:

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Mop up with plenty of water and run to waste, diluting greatly with running water. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Ventilate area well to evaporate remaining liquid and dispel vapour. DO NOT GET WATER INSIDE CONTAINERS.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE:

Store between 0 and 28°C. Keep out of direct sunlight.

Empty containers may retain hazardous residue and explosive vapours. Keep away from heat, sparks or flame. Do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near this container.

Follow label warnings until container is thoroughly cleaned or destroyed.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION:

08-22

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS: NO EXPOSURE LIMITS ESTABLISHED.

CONTROLS:

The control measures appropriate for a particular worksite depend on how this material is used and on the extent of exposure. The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release. Use a non-sparking, grounded ventilation system separate from other exhaust ventilation systems. Exhaust directly to the outside. Supply sufficient replacement air to make up for air removed. Have a safety shower / eye wash fountain readily available in the immediate work area.

PERSONAL PROTECTION:

If engineering controls and work practices are not effective in controlling this material, then wear suitable personal protection equipment, including chemical safety goggles & face shield, boots, imperious gloves, coveralls



& respiratory protection. Have appropriate equipment available for use in emergencies.

#### 9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

FINISH: VEHICLE TYPE: PIGMENT TYPE: SOLVENT TYPE: FLASH POINT MIN: SOLIDS CONTENT: VISCOSITY AT 25 DEGREES C: Gloss Styrenated alkyd Synthetic iron oxide Aromatic hydrocarbons 22 degrees C 60 – 65% by weight 650 cPu

#### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY:**

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Stable but flammable

#### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:**

TOXIC: Inhalation, ingestion, or skin contact with material may cause severe injury or death. Contact with molten substance may cause severe burns to skin and eyes. Effects of contact or inhalation may be delayed.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicology Assessment: All available data on this product and/or the components quoted in section 3 and/or the analogue substances/metabolites have been taken into account for the hazard assessment .

12.1. Toxicity :

Fish: According to its composition, can be considered as : Toxic to fish. XYLENE :

AILEINE .

LC50, 96 h (Oncorhynchus mykiss) : 2,6 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 203) (Results obtained on a similar product).

BENZINE :

LC50, 96 h (Oncorhynchus mykiss) : 4,2 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 203)

TOLUENE : LC/EC50, 96 h (Salmon) : 8.1 mg/l

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. LC/EC50, 96 h (Salmon) : 8.1 mg/l

Aquatic invertebrates: According to its composition, can be considered as : Toxic to daphnia. XYLENE :

EC50, 48 h (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1 - 4,7 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 202) (Results obtained on a similar product).

BENZINE :

EC50, 48 h (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) : 1,8 - 2,4 mg/l (Method: US EPA)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.

LC/EC 50,48 h (Daphnia magna(Water flea)): 6 mg/l

TOLUENE: LC/EC50, 48 h (Daphnia magna): 6 mg/l

Aquatic plants: According to its composition, can be considered as : Toxic to algae.



#### XYLENE :

EC50, 72 h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) : 3,2 - 4,9 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 201,Growth inhibition) (Results obtained on a similar product). BENZINE : EC50, 72 h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) : 5,4 mg/l (Method: US EPA, Growth inhibition) TOLUENE : LC/EC50, 8 h (Green Algae) : 9.4 mg/l Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. LC/EC50, 8 h (Green Algae) : 9.4 mg/l Microorganisms: XYLENE : IC50 (Nitrosamines sp): 96 mg/l (Results obtained on a similar product).

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:**

Disposal of product: The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant in accordance with local and national regulations.

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION:**

<u>UN No</u> <u>ERG No</u> <u>IMDG Code</u> <u>Marine Pollutant</u> <u>Class</u> Subsidiary Risks	1268 153 3 Yes Class: 3 None	Hazchem Code EAC IMDG-Packaging Group	2x 60 II
Tremcard Number	****		
15. REGULATORY		ATION:	
	- 1		

RISK PHRASES: SAFETY PHRASES: Causes severe burns. Keep out of reach of children. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

## 16. FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT (TEST METHOD)	0 – 20 degrees C (Closed cup)
BOILING POINT C	Above 70 degrees C
BOILING RANGE	100 – 186 degrees C
AUTO IGNITION	400 – 440 degrees C
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR & BY VOLUME	Lower: 1,8%; Upper: 12,8%
DENSITY @ 20C, KG/L	1,100 kg/l
VOLATILES (% BY VOLUME)	70 - 85
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	Alcohol foam, CO2, dry chemical
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES	Avoid using water as extinguishing media as it
the state of the s	spreads the flame
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS	None



**17. OTHER INFORMATION** 

Full text of R, H, EUH-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3 R10 Flammable. R11 Highly flammable. R20 Harmful by inhalation. R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R38 Irritating to skin. R45 May cause cancer R46 May cause inheritable genetic damage R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eve irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



Director: B. J. Rodd